## ultiplication TO x TO using partitioning



Use partitioning to calculate TO × TO

Estimate and check the answer to a calculation

1 a 7 × 3	2 a 6 × 8	3 a 9 × 4	4 a 6 × 6
<b>b</b> 70 × 3	<b>b</b> 60 × 8	<b>b</b> 90 × 4	<b>b</b> 6 × 60
<b>c</b> 70 × 30	c 60 × 80	<b>c</b> 90 × 40	c 60 × 60
<b>5 a</b> 8 × 7	6 a 3 × 8	<b>7</b> a 7 × 5	8 a 9 × 8
<b>b</b> 80 × 7	<b>b</b> 3 × 80	<b>b</b> 70 × 5	<b>b</b> 9 × 80
c 80 × 70	c 30 × 80	c 70 × 50	<b>c</b> 90 × 80

1 Estimate first then partition each of these calculations to work out the answer.

a 46 × 42	<b>b</b> 38 × 33	c 84 × 56
d 48 × 65	e 26 × 39	f 74 × 58
g 78 × 46	h 61 × 78	i 85 × 92
j 35 × 24	k 68 × 37	1 54 × 26
m 72 × 38	n 66 × 66	o 88 × 88

## Example

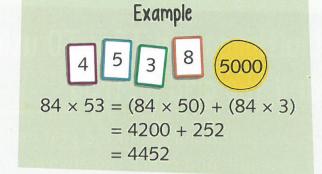
$$63 \times 38 \rightarrow 60 \times 40 = 2400$$
  
 $63 \times 38 = (63 \times 30) + (63 \times 8)$   
 $= 1890 + 504$   
 $= 2394$ 

2 Look carefully at the numbers in the calculations in Question 1. Find three calculations that could be worked out using a different strategy. Find the answer using your chosen strategy. Explain why you chose your method.

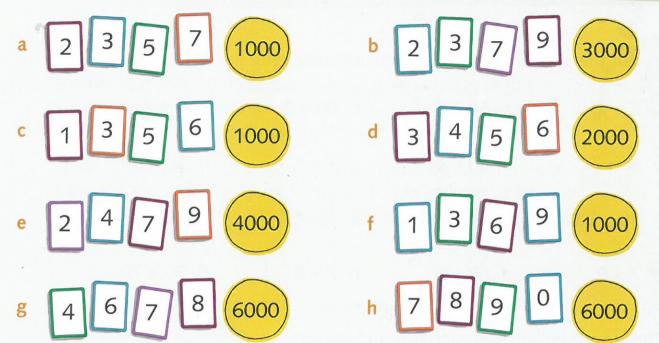


Challenge 3

Using each of the four number cards only once, make a TO x TO calculation that gives an answer as close as possible to the answer shown in the circle.



Hint



2 Copy these number machines. Write the missing numbers and decide which operations to use.

