1ultiplication HTO x 0 using partitioning



Jse partitioning to calculate HTO × O

| 1 | a | 7 | X | 2 | = |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|

$$2 a 4 x 8 =$$

3 a
$$7 \times 4 =$$

c
$$700 \times 2 =$$

$$c 400 \times 8 =$$

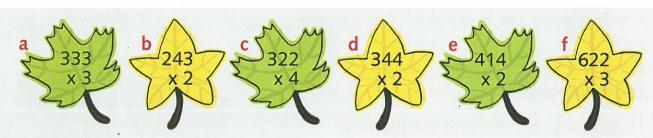
$$c 700 \times 4 =$$

5 a
$$7 \times 7 =$$

b
$$70 \times 7 =$$

$$c 900 \times 8 =$$

Write the answer to each of these calculations. Work the answer out mentally, using partitioning.



Estimate the answer first, then partition each of these calculations to work out the answer.

- a 467 x 4
- b 468 x 6
- c 738 x 4
- d 383 x 3
- e 267 x 9
- f 691 x 7
- 684 x 5
- h 794 x 8
- i 815 x 9
- 609 x 8

Example

$$463 \times 5 \longrightarrow 500 \times 5 = 2500$$

$$= (400 \times 5) + (60 \times 5) + (3 \times 5)$$

- = 2000 + 300 + 15
- = 2315

Unit 8, Week I, Lesson 2

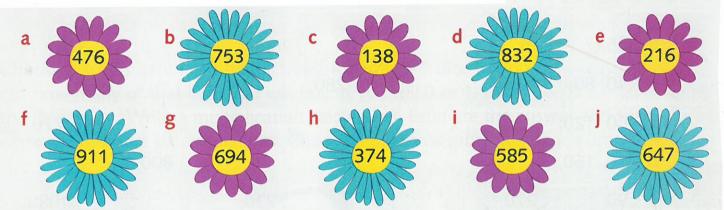
Multiplication HTO x 0 using partitioning and the grid method



Use the grid method to calculate HTO × O

Write the multiples of 100 that each of these numbers is between. Circle the multiple of 100 it is closest to.

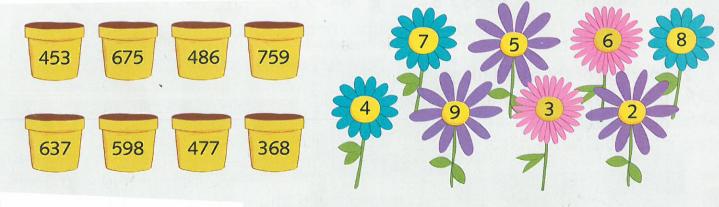
Example 300←386→400



Choose a flower pot and a flower and multiply the numbers together. Estimate your answer first, then use the grid method to work out the answer. Make six calculations. Choose different numbers each time.

Example $625 \times 8 \rightarrow 600 \times 8 = 4800$

X 600 20 5 8 4800 160 40 = 5000





One of these calculations is different to the others. Can you find out why?







